A. When solving a word problem, it is imp what is being asked. The example below sl		
ylan is baking cookies for the class picnic. Fifty-six people are xpected to come. He wants to prepare 3 cookies per person. A ecipe calls for 1 egg to make 6 cookies. Eggs are sold in cartons f 12. How many cartons of eggs should Dylan buy?		3 cartons
Work backwards: # of cartons = # of eggs + 12 # of eggs = # of cookies + 6 # of cookies = # of person × 3	Solve the problem: # of cookies = 56 # of eggs = 168 ÷ # of cartons = 28	6 = 28
B. Solve the word problems.		
There were 12 kids at Olivia's party. Olio and sliced each pizza into 8 pieces. Each many pieces were left?		4 pieces
Adam collected 43 stamps. He kept his then equally divided the remaining star How many stamps did each of his friend	nps among his 4 friends.	9 stamps
At an apple farm, Kyle picked 18 apples Then they packed all their apples into b apples. How many bags did they use?		8 bags
Mom bought 56 peaches. She used 28 o Then she baked pies with the remaining peaches per pie, how many peaches doe	peaches. If she used 5	3 peaches
At the bookstore, Ryan bought 5 comi same price. Joe bought 4 magazines for more than Joe. How much did each co	r \$12 each. Ryan spent \$7	\$11
Adam had 20 quarters, 10 dimes, and 2 5 quarters and 4 dimes for nickels. How		79 coins

Solve the word problems.	
Walter has \$14. His weekly allowance is \$16. How many weeks will it take him to save for a video game that costs \$52?	3 weeks
A group of 27 girls and 32 boys are on a canoe trip. Each canoe can hold 7 people. How many canoes will the group need?	9 canoes
Peter and Sam have \$36 in total. Peter has three times more money than Sam. How much money does Peter have?	\$27
A recipe calls for 8 apples to make one apple pie. Mom wants to bake 7 pies. Apples are sold in bags of 12. How many bags of apples does she need to buy?	5 bags
Ava spent \$82 to order some tickets online. Each ticket cost \$12. The shipping cost per order was \$10. How many tickets did Ava buy?	6 tickets
This week Kyle set a goal to spend 3 hours on math. He studied 40 minutes per day from Monday to Thursday. How many minutes does he need to study on Friday to meet his goal?	20 minutes
Jessica had 90 beads. She made 14 bracelets with an equal number of beads and had 6 beads left. How many beads were used to make one bracelet?	6 beads
At an apple farm, Mia picked 15 apples. Amy picked 3 times as many apples as Mia. Then they divided all their apples equally into 4 baskets. How many apples were in each basket?	15 apples
Kate had 15 quarters, 15 dimes, and 15 nickels. She exchanged 4 quarters and 8 nickels for dimes. How many coins did Kate have in the end?	47 coins
Emma is planning a birthday party. She has \$40. She wants to buy a cake for \$15 and spend the rest to buy as many balloons as possible at \$4 each. How much money will Emma have left	\$1

This page is on word problems. They will be using multiplication, division, addition, and subtraction. They will need to take multiple steps to find the answer to the question. They could use their word problem strategies like drawing a picture or using smaller numbers to figure out what to do. However, they should start by asking what they need to know to answer the question. That will help them figure out the first step. They will definitely need to work on scratch paper for today.

Here are the first two worked out.

Question: How many pieces left?

Need to know: how many pieces all together and how many were eaten

# of pieces: 5 x 8 = 40 # eaten: 12 x 3 = 36 # left 40 - 36 = 4 pieces

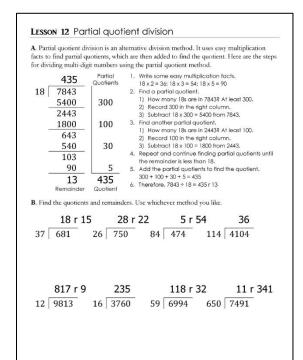
Question: How many stamps each?

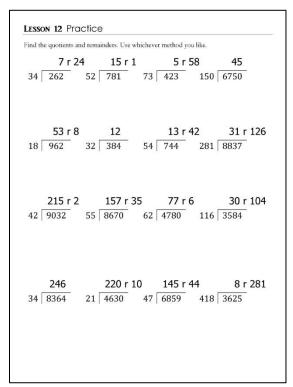
Need to know: how many stamps all together, how many friends

# of stamps: 43 - 7 = 36

# of friends: 4

# each: 36/4 = 9 stamps





Your child should take the time to look through the example and use the directions to follow along.

This is another way to look at long division. With this method, they don't have to figure out the highest possible number of times that a number goes into something. In the example, 18 goes into 78 four times, but at first they just use 3 times. They subtract that off and see that it can go in another time.

Here's another way to write the same method.

Groups	Totals
	7843
300	5400 (18 x 300)
	2443
100	1800 (18 x 100)
	643
30	540 (18 x 30)
	103
5	90 (5 x 18)
435	13

Solve the word problems.	
Mr. Kim bought a television set for \$374. He had \$158 left. How much money did Mr. Kim have at first?	\$532
The pet store sold 238 goldfish last week and 185 goldfish this week. It has 79 goldfish left. How many goldfish did the store have at first?	502 goldfish
The grocery store had 172 bags of potatoes. It sold 155 bags and brought in 86 more bags. How many bags of potatoes did the store have then?	103 bags
Larry has a 185-page reading assignment. He read 128 pages yesterday and 39 pages today. How many pages does Larry have left to read?	18 pages
Claire found 115 seashells on the beach. Sam found 86 seashells 37 of them were broken. How many unbroken seashells did they find together?	164 seashells
There were 175 paper cups in the cabinet. Lucy took 36 cups from the cabinet. Carlos took twice as many cups as Lucy. How many paper cups were left in the cabinet?	67 cups
Ron collected 120 flower stamps and 116 bird stamps. He gave 35 of his flower stamps and 28 of his bird stamps to his brother How many stamps did Ron have then?	173 stamps
The candy store sold 156 candies last week. This week it brough in 200 more candies and sold 182 candies. Now it has 42 candies left. How many candies did the candy store have at first	100
The library had a book donation campaign. Last month 1,136 fiction books and 523 non-fiction books were donated. This month 147 more fiction books and 78 fewer non-fiction book were donated than last month. How many more fiction books were donated than non-fiction books in all?	1451 books

Solve the word problems.	
Brian has 55 baseball cards. Matt has 48 more baseball cards than Brian. How many baseball cards does Matt have?	103 cards
Ryan had 33 dimes. His mom gave him some more dimes. Now he has 50 dimes. How many dimes did Ryan get from his mom?	17 dimes
Heather had 72 cents. She spent 44 cents on candies and 15 cents on cookies. How much money does Heather have left?	13 cents
Sam has \$25. Clara has \$16 more than Sam. Matt has \$8 less than Sam. How much money do they have in all?	\$83
Ron wants to buy three books that cost \$18, \$13, and \$16 each. He has saved \$12 so far. How much more money does Ron need to buy all three books?	\$35
Jack solved 32 multiplication problems and 20 division problems. He got 5 multiplication problems and 4 division problems wrong. How many problems did he get correct in all?	43 problems
Julio saved \$20 in May. He saved \$18 in June and \$15 in July. Then Julio spent \$28 during summer vacation. How much money does Julio have left?	\$25
Jessica has 36 red beads, 65 blue beads, and 42 green beads. She needs 9 beads from each color to make a necklace. How many beads will Jessica have left after making 2 necklaces?	89 beads
This year Mia planted 35 roses. Her sister Heather planted 20 more roses than Mia. Half the roses have bloomed so far. How many roses have not bloomed yet?	45 roses
Our homeschool group included 12 high school students, 27 middle school students, 23 elementary students, 44 parents, and 18 kids in the nursery. How many people were in our homeschool group in all?	124 people

This is a page of word problems. They can use word problem strategies like drawing pictures or using smaller numbers. They will need to use scratch paper for today. Here are the first couple of problems worked out and the set up for several others.

$$$374 + $158 = $532$$

They could think of this with smaller numbers to figure out what to do. He bought something for \$3 and still had \$1 leftover. How much did he have at first? \$4 (3+1)

$$238 + 185 + 79 = 502$$
 goldfish

This is another one that using smaller numbers would help. They sold 2 then 1 and had 1 leftover. How many did they have at first? 2 + 1 + 1. They need to add.

$$172 - 155 + 86 \text{ bags}$$

$$185 - 128 - 39$$
 pages

$$115 + 86 - 37$$
 seashells

$$175 - 36 - (2 \times 36)$$
 cups

$$120 + 116 - 35 - 28 = 236 - 63$$
 stamps

		nt by 100 and drop the % sign. This he left. Convert the percents below.
3% = <b>0.03</b>	10% = 0.1	0.3% = 0.003
1% = 0.01	40% = 0.4	7.5% = 0.075
5% = <b>0.05</b>	28% = 0.28	200% = 2
9% = 0.09	59% = 0.59	54.7% = 0.547
Then multiply the fraction		to either a fraction or a decimal. The following examples show why second example.
$50\% \ of \ 20 = \frac{50}{10}$	$\frac{0}{0}$ of 20 = $\frac{50}{100} \times 20$	$= 0.5 \times 20 = 10$
$40\% \text{ of } 45 = \frac{40}{10}$	$\frac{0}{0}$ of 45 = $\frac{40}{100}$ × 45	$5 = 0.4 \times 45 = 18$
C. Calculate the percent of	of each number.	
20% of 5	7% of	150
1		10.5
9% of 50	50% (	of 80
4.5		40
10% of 20	55% (	of 60
2		33

A. Convert the decimals to	percents.	
2% = 0.02	11% = 0.11	0.6% = 0.006
7% = <b>0.07</b>	55% = 0.55	7.2% = 0.072
3% = <b>0.03</b>	32% = 0.32	100% = 1
5% = 0.05	29% = 0.29	240% = 2.4
B. Calculate the percent o	f each number.	
3% of 70	6% of	220
2.1		13.2
5% of 65	5% of	180
3.25		9
10% of 50	4% of	675
5		27
11% of 15	22% (	of 90
1.65		19.8
20% of 90	70% (	of 40
18		28

Today they are moving in the opposite direction and converting from percents to decimals.

The decimal point will be moving in the opposite direction. It will move two places to the left. Here are some examples.

30% becomes 0.30 or 0.3

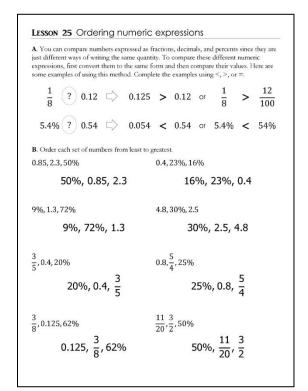
2% becomes 0.02

683% becomes 6.83

They are going to be multiplying by percents as well, which just means multiplying by a decimal. The examples show that you can multiply by a fraction as well, but I think it's much simpler to multiply by the decimal.

25% of 10 is 
$$0.25 \times 10 = 2.5$$

"Of" is always a clue word that you need to multiply.



Order each set of numbers from least to	greatest.
.5, 0.5,15%	7%, 0.02, 0.05
15%, 0.5, 1.5	0.02, 0.05, 7%
.4,13%,0.17	0.4, 32%, 28%
13%, 0.17, 2.4	28%, 32%, 0.4
.8, 2.1, 90%	2.4, 20%, 1.5
90%, 1.8, 2.1	20%, 1.5, 2.4
, 2.3, 15%	$1.2, \frac{9}{10}, 85\%$
15%, $\frac{9}{4}$ , 2.3	$85\%, \frac{9}{10}, 1.2$
1.72, $\frac{71}{10}$ , 7%	$\frac{9}{20}$ , $\frac{13}{10}$ , 50%
7%, 0.72, $\frac{71}{10}$	$\frac{9}{20}$ , 50%, $\frac{13}{10}$
$\frac{2}{5}$ , 10%	<sup>7</sup> / <sub>25</sub> ,65%,30%
$10\%, \frac{2}{5}, \frac{1}{3}$	<sup>7</sup> / <sub>25</sub> , 30%, 65%

They will be working with fractions, decimals, and percents today. They will be ordering numbers, finding which is greater, which is less.

To compare the numbers it's easiest to put them in the same format, to compare fractions to fractions and decimals to decimals, percents to percents.

Here's the first from the lesson page.

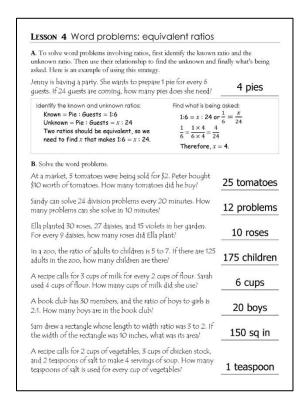
0.85, 2.3, 50% In percents that's 85%, 230%, 50%. Then it's easy to order them.

To find the percent, you move the decimal point over two places to the right.

Here's another example.

3/5, 0.4, 20% That's 0.6, 0.4, 0.2 in decimals.

I doubled 3 and 5 to get six tenths. That's easy to write as a decimal. To turn the percent into a decimal, I moved the decimal back over to the left two places.



A. The table sh	ows what Lisa	planted in her garden. Use the table to as	nswer the questions.
Plants in Li	sa's Garden	For every 10 pepper plants, how	
Plant	# of plant	many beet plants are there?	6 plants
Peppers	20	For every 6 broccoli plants, how	
Broccoli	18	many lettuce plants are there?	10 plants
Lettuce	30	What is the ratio of pepper plants	
Beets	12	to all plants?	20:80 or 1:4
B. Solve the we	ord problems.		
		oroblems every 18 minutes. How in 6 minutes?	5 problems
		pies in the ratio of 4 to 5. If the w many cakes does it make?	28 cakes
		to make 4 servings of banana s will be used to make 12 servings?	18 bananas
		a library is 5 to 6. If there are 20 ny girls are there?	24 girls
		s are sold in the ratio of 6:7. If the nany apples are sold?	42 apples
	nas 35 member ny girls are in t	s, and the ratio of boys to girls is he math club?	20 girls
		e length to width ratio was 4 to 5. If as 15 inches, what was its perimeter?	54 inches
		Brian bought 40 candies and paid e did he receive?	\$10
	w inden diang		

The example on the page is showing that there is a one pie to six guest ratio, 1:6. There will be 24 guests, so they need to figure out how many pies they will need. This is a typical problem and useful in real life.  $\odot$ 

The equivalent ratios are 1:6 = x:24. X is the unknown quantity. It just means the number you don't know. I like to use a ?.

$$\frac{1}{-} = \frac{?}{-}$$

$$6 \qquad 24$$

In the next lesson they will learn to solve this with cross multiplying. Right now they just need to think about equivalent fractions, equivalent ratios.  $24 \div 6 = 4$ , so 6 was multiplied by 4 to get to 24. 1 x 4 = 4, so ? = 4 They need to make four pies.

The most important thing in setting up these problems is to make sure they are comparing apples to apples and oranges to oranges, so to speak. The same thing should be on the same side of the colon. In this problem it's #of pies: #of people to #of pies: #of people.

Here's the set up for the first couple word problems.

$$5:2 = x:10$$
 ? tomatoes  $24:20 = x:10$  ? problems